2334



## Human CD152(CTLA-4)-muIg/Biotin Fusion Protein\*

(also binds to mouse CD80/CD86)

For maximal recovery of contents please quick spin vial before opening

CATALOG#: 501-030 QUANTITY: 25 µg

CONCENTRATION: 0.25 mg/ml

Molecular Structure: A soluble 110 kd dimeric fusion protein consisting of the extracellular (125aa) domain of human

CD152 (CTLA-4) fused to murine IgG2a Fc

Transfectant Cell Line: BHK

*INFORMATION:* Immune response mediated by T cells can be characterized to functionally proceed as follows: antigen recognition by the T cell receptor, activation through costimulation, effector activities to eliminate antigen and finally down regulation. Human CD152 is a cell surface glycoprotein expressed at low levels on activated T cells. CD152 is a high affinity receptor for the costimulatory molecules CD80 (B7-1) and CD86 (B7-2) and appears to function as a negative regulator of T cell activation. Therefore, CD152 may be an important player in down regulating T cell mediated immune responses. The CD152 Ig fusion protein has biological activity and binds with high affinity to human or mouse CD80 (B7-1) and CD86 (B7-2). CD152 Ig will block the binding of anti-CD80 (B7-1) and anti-CD86 (B7-2) monoclonal antibodies.

\*References:\* T. Lindsten, et al, (1993) J Immunol 151: 3489-3499. T.L. Walunas, et al, (1994) Immunity 1: 405-413. N.J. Karandikar, et al, (1996) J Exp Med 184: 783-788. A.H. Cross, et al, (1995) J Clin Invest 95: 2783-2789. P.A. Morton, et al, (1996) J Immunol 156: 1047-1054. Martin K. Oaks and Karen M. Hallett, (2000) J Immunol 164: 5015-5018.

S.J. Fass, et al, (2000) J Immunol 164: 6340-6348.

**STORAGE CONDITIONS:** *Store at 2 - 5<sup>o</sup>C*. Freeze/Thawing is not recommended.

**PRODUCT STABILITY:** Product should retain activity for at least 12 months after shipping date when stored as recommended. Ship Date:

**BUFFER:** 50 mM Sodium Phosphate pH 7.5, 100 mM Potassium Chloride, 150mM NaCl, 5% Glycerol, 0.2% BSA, 0.04% NaN<sub>3</sub> (as a preservative).

**PRODUCTION:** Human CD152 Ig fusion protein from tissue culture supernatant of BHK transfectants was Protein A purified to >95% by SDS-PAGE (<1% bovine immunoglobulin), and reacted with NHS-Biotin. Unconjugated Biotin was removed from conjugate using a desalting column.

**PERFORMANCE:** Five x  $10^5$  cultured **Raji** human tumor cells were washed and incubated 45 minutes on ice with 80 μl of CD152-muIg/Biotin at a concentration of **0.5 μg/ml**. Cells were washed twice and incubated with  $2^0$  reagent Streptavidin/R-Phycoerythrin (Catalog #253-050), after which they were washed three times, fixed and analyzed by FACS. Cells stained positive with a mean shift of **1.81**  $\log_{10}$  fluorescent units when compared to Recombinant muIg/Biotin negative control (Catalog #581-030) at a similar concentration. Binding was blocked when cells were pre blocked with 20 μl of 0.5 mg/ml unlabeled CD152-muIg (Catalog #501-020).

\*This Product is intended for Laboratory Research use only.

## Binding of CD152-muIg/Biotin + SA/PE to human Raji cells

